



Webinar: Backing up your business data

How and how often should your business back up its data?



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Why should I backup my data?

- Lost devices
- Breakages and failures
- User error
- Malicious actors
- You have a duty to keep certain types of data safe
 - GDPR
 - Regulated environments or accreditation
- Worst case scenario: your business may fail if you don't

What should I back up?

- It's impossible to back up everything
- Perform a simple audit of business data
 - Where is the data kept?
 - How critical is this to my business?
 - What would happen if we lost this?
 - How likely is this to happen?
- Consider centralising data storage to a single location



All my data is in the cloud. I'm good, right?

- Backups provide protection from:

- Mistakes and deletions
- Ransomware attacks
- Corruption and breakage
- Loss of access to your data



- Cloud storage is highly available and extremely durable

- Availability – can I access my data when I need to?
- Durability – can my data be retrieved accurately?
- Google Cloud Storage has a typical availability of 99.99% and durability of 99.999999999%

Cloud storage does not cover all bases

- No protect against changes to large amounts of data:
 - Ransomware attacks
 - Malicious actors
- Problems with your cloud storage provider
 - Aggressively handling unpaid invoices
 - Loss of access due to phishing attack
- Stored in the cloud does is not the same as “backed up”



What is a good backup strategy?

- Not all strategies are “good”
- Should be part of a Business Continuity Plan (BCP) or Disaster Recovery Plan (DRP)
- A good strategy is:
 - ✓ **Frequent**
 - ✓ **Tested**
 - ✓ **Secure**
 - ✓ **Time limited**



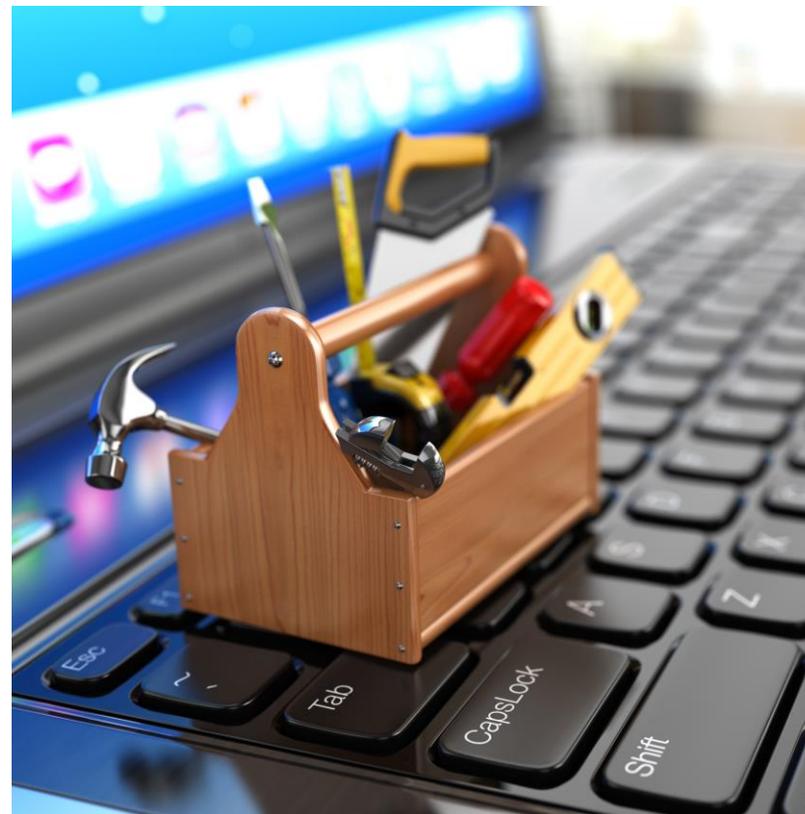
A good backup is... Frequent

- Consider your desired Recovery Point Objective
 - RPO – the maximum amount of data, expressed in time, that you could lose in the event of a failure.
- RPO of 1 day is preferable
 - 1 week is better than nothing!
- Automation allows increased frequency



A good backup is... Tested

- Do not assume that it works!
- Changes to processes and systems can cause breakages
- Have a regular test schedule
 - Set simple tasks such as recovering a file or mailbox
 - Fix any issues as a priority



A good backup is... Secure

- Backups need backups!
- Consider the 3-2-1 approach
 - 3 copies of your data
 - 2 different devices or media
 - 1 off-site location
- Encrypt your backups and restrict access to them



A good backup is... Time Limited

- Don't keep your backups forever
- Consider any legal duties
 - GDPR storage limitation
 - Regulatory requirements
- Automate if possible



In summary

- Cloud storage providers are excellent but they're not sufficient
- Consider disaster scenarios
- Audit your data
- Integrate backup in a disaster recovery plan
- Ensure your strategy is frequent, tested, secure and time limited

Any questions?

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